goods—a worse rate of exchange than they would receive on the international markets, in order to hinder speculation on the scale mentioned above.

Alone among all of Israel's industries, the black market in currencies and other items continues to flourish. Israeli "humorist" Ephraim Kishon recently captured the country's "keep-the-home-fires-burning" spirit in the following exchange:

"'I'm for equal distribution of the national burden,' said my neighbor Felix Zelig on the staircase. 'Let the low-income classes too get a chance to embezzle public funds.'"

"'Crime is no solution,' I retort. 'I'm for shop-lifting.'"

U.S. IRON ORE MINING EXPANDS TO FEED CANADIAN MILLS

Dec. 5 (IPS)--A representative of Cleveland Cliffs Iron Ore Company told IPS yesterday that Cleveland Cliffs and the Hannah Mining Company are greatly expanding iron ore mining in Michigan's Upper Peninsula, even though thousands of steel workers were laid off this month in the United States and numbers of U.S. steel plants have closed.

Much of this ore is slated for the expanding Canadian steel mills of southeastern Ontario. U.S. workers are now vying for jobs in one of the few industrial development zones on the North American continent—a key sector on Rockefeller's Fourth Reich map. The Canadian economy, long controlled by the Rockefeller interests, is now a more secure investment area than the United States.

Last week, Ontario Treasurer White announced that another "new dormitory town" for 250,000 workers is under construction. Five other modern-day "Dachaus" are already going up, including one at Nanticoke, Ontario which will have a new \$.5 billion steel plant.

Canada's three major steel producers, Algoma, Dofasco and Stelco, plan to double production in the next two years, supplying materials for the resource "development" camps in the north. Their ore will come largely from the Upper Peninsula of Michigan. The Upper Peninsula normally supplies about three-quarters of the iron ore used in U.S. Midwestern steel plants.

The Cleveland Cliffs spokesman also revealed that the CIAlinked Army Corps of Engineers and eight other government agencies have sponsored a four-year experimental program, using air bubbles, to keep at least Lake Superior open throughout the winter--to facilitate a continuous ore flow to the Canadian north shore.

12/5/74 IPS D3