

denied by the former California Governor. What united both Ford and Reagan forces at the convention was a firm resistance to Rockefeller-Carter's corporatist schemes, and a strong interest in rapid industrial development. Particularly noteworthy was the party's strong fusion plank, forced through the platform committee, after testimony by Dr. Morris Levitt of the Fusion Energy Foundation, by a group of delegates the majority of whom were Reagan supporters. Both Ford and Reagan forces also responded favorably to a Labor Party leaflet calling on the Republicans to smash Carter's vote fraud capability.

#### How Ford Won

The story of this year's Republican convention has little to do with any "shrewd moves" made by the Reagan or Ford campaign staffs. What won the nomination for Ford — and paradoxically, came close at times to losing it for him — was the deep suspicion the rank-and-file of the Republican Party feels for Nelson Rockefeller and all his works.

Decisive in the battle for the nomination was the U.S. Labor Party's two-and-a-half-year national campaign against Rockefeller's insurrectionary drive for fascism, which shaped the political climate — inside and outside the Republican Party — in which suspicion and mistrust of the Rockefeller gang became transformed into bitter hatred.

This hatred became dramatically obvious last night when an enraged Rockefeller, sensing that despite the curse of his official support, Ford was closing in on the nomination, provoked an altercation, ripping up a Reagan delegate's sign. Rockefeller's ploy — as obvious as it was pathetic — directly paralleled the Rockefeller-controlled Reagan campaign staff's constant attempts to provoke a bitter floor fight and irretrievably split the party for the Fall campaign. But as Rocky tried to start his own little riot, large sections of the delegates and gallery — Ford and Reagan supporters united — began a spontaneous chant in unison: "Rocky Go Home." The chanting continued until Rocke-

feller was politely escorted off the floor by convention security guards.

Almost equally revealing was the controversy over the minority foreign policy platform plank submitted by the Reagan forces and widely billed as "an attack on Ford's policy." The plank itself was so innocuous that Ford forces accepted it without a floor fight; it began "In the context of continuing efforts at detente ..." and its condemnation of "secret diplomacy" obviously reflected much more rank-and-file Reagan backers' disgust with Kissinger than any principled disagreement with Ford.

In the early convention sessions, speaker after speaker hammered home on the issues as state in the election. Sen. Barry Goldwater warned that "we have been inching away from Constitutional government" and now is "our last chance" to prevent the erosion of U.S. democracy. "We are the world's last great hope for freedom and we must ensure it before it's too late ... The American people don't want Carter's brand of government. They want Freedom and continued peace."

Replying to the Rockefeller media's attempts to revive Watergate and hinting at the much bigger scandal of Carter and the Party of International Terrorism, Senator Howard Baker, the convention's keynote speaker, reminded the voters that the Republicans had faced Watergate scandals before, but that the Democrats will meet their Watergate this Fall. Sen. Dole, the party's national chairman, exposed a half dozen of Carter's recent bold-faced self-contradictory statements and concluded "Business can't trust Carter. Labor can't trust Carter."

Even more significant, the Republican party platform contains planks on fusion power development and technological and scientific progress which could become the basis for a vigorous Republican international and domestic policy of development.

But in order for such Republican promises to be realized, Rockefeller's "invisible government" must be dismantled.

## What The New York Times Didn't Say

*Aug. 21 (NSIPS) — The following sections of the Republican Party Platform were not published by the New York Times in the Aug. 16 excerpts of the platform. There's a reason. The following sections exemplify the basic commitment of the President and the Republican Party forces supporting him to peace and material progress, by contrast with the "zero growth" fascist platform adopted by the Democratic Party. These include recommendations for detente, for Geneva-type Middle East peace negotiations, for fusion power development, and expanded agricultural production.*

#### Detente

Soviet military power has grown rapidly in recent years, and while we shall prevent a military imbalance or a sudden shift in the global balance of power, we shall also diligently explore with the Soviet Union new ways to reduce tensions and to arrive at mutually beneficial and self-enforcing agreements in all fields of international activity. Important steps have been taken to limit strategic nuclear arms. The Vladivostok Agreement of November 1974 placed a ceiling on the strategic forces of both the United States and the Soviet Union. Further negotiations in arms control are continuing.

#### Middle East

The preservation of peace and stability in the Middle East is a paramount concern. The efforts of two Republican Administrations, summoning diplomatic and political skills, have been directed toward reduction of tensions and toward avoiding

flashpoints which could serve as an excuse for yet another round of conflict between Israel and the Arab countries.

Our commitment to Israel is fundamental and enduring. We have honored and will continue to honor that commitment in every way — politically, economically and by providing the military aid that Israel requires to remain strong enough to deter any potential aggression. Forty percent of all United States' aid that Israel has received since its creation in 1948 has come in the last two fiscal years, as a result of Republican initiatives. Our policy must remain one of decisive support for the security and integrity of Israel.

An equally important component of our commitment to Israel lies in continuing our efforts to secure a just and durable peace for all nations in that complex region. Our efforts have succeeded, for the first time since the creation of the state of Israel, in moving toward a negotiated peace settlement which would serve the interests and the security of all nations in the Middle East. Peace in the Middle East now requires face-to-face, direct negotiations between the state involved with the recognition of safe, secure and defensible borders for Israel....

We shall continue to support peace initiatives in the civil war in Lebanon; United States envoys engaged in precisely such an initiative were murdered, and we express our sorrow for their untimely deaths and for all other dedicated government employees who have been slain elsewhere while in service to their country. In Lebanon, we stand ready to provide food, medical and other humanitarian assistance.

## Energy

Uranium offers the best intermediate solution to America's energy crisis. We support accelerated use of nuclear energy through processes that have been proven safe. Governmental research on the use of nuclear energy will be expanded to include perfecting a long-term solution to the problems of nuclear waste.

Among alternative future energy sources, fusion, with its unique potential for supplying unlimited clean energy and the promise of new methods of natural resource recovery, warrants continued emphasis in our national energy research program, and we support measures to assure adequate capital investment in the development of new energy sources.

## Agricultural Development

The bounty of our farms is so plentiful that we may tend to forget what an amazing production achievement this really is. Each American farmer and rancher produces enough food to feed over 56 people — a threefold increase in productivity in 20 years....

Farms exports have continued to expand under the policies of this Republican Administration — from a low of billion in 1968, the last Democrat year, to \$22 billion in 1975. These exports are not giveaway programs; most are earning dollars from the marketplaces of the world, establishing a favorable balance of trade and a higher standard of living for all. Through our farm exports we fight the problem of world hunger, especially with

the humanitarian Food for Peace Program (Public Law 480) of the Eisenhower Administration and the Republican-controlled Congress of 1954.

Republican farm policy has permitted farmers to use their crop land fully. We are at last moving toward making effective use of our superb resources. Net farm income from 1972 through 1975 averaged \$26 billion, more than double the average of the 1960's. Government should not dictate to the productive men and women who work the land. To assure this, we support the continuation of the central principles of the Agricultural Act of 1973, with adjustments of target prices and loan levels to reflect increased production costs.

We oppose government-controlled grain reserves, just as we oppose federal regulations that are unrealistic in farm practices, such as those imposed by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)....

We firmly believe that when the nation asks for our farmers to go all out to produce as much as possible for world-wide markets, the government should guarantee them unfettered access to those markets. Our farmers should not be singled out by export controls....

We recognize the important of the multilateral trade negotiations now in progress and urge our representatives to obtain the most beneficial agreements for our farmers and the nation's economy.

# Rockefeller Plans Post Convention Wrecking Operation

Reacting to events in Kansas City this week, Nelson Rockefeller is now working with agent right-wing forces and his own private intelligence networks to begin full-scale operations against the Ford campaign and constitutional government in the U.S. The operation includes: activation of a "fourth party" scenario; disruption of President Ford's attempts to secure peace accords with the Soviet Union; and deployment of terrorist networks for nuclear terrorism and assassinations.

## Fourth Party

Earlier this week at the Republican convention Nelson Rockefeller admitted in a national news interview that the anti-Ford activity coordinated by Senators James Buckley and Jesse Helms were the first lines of a script "to set a third party in motion." Helms, Buckley and forces around John Connally exploited Reaganite discontent in Kansas City to create the environment for a fourth party and bring rightwingers to a "party" convention in Chicago Aug. 27. The convention is mainly the work of William Rusher, associate of Buckley; Richard Viguerie, and the American Conservative Union under the organizational name, the Committee for a New Majority. While the CNM claims that they will be on the ballot in 45 states, financial strains have closed down its offices in Florida and other states. The fact that Helms, Connally and others disclaimed any association with the Committee and its convention indicates that it cannot be taken seriously as a party but is a front for wrecking operations against the Ford campaign.

Former Defense Secretary James Schlesinger in an interview with the West German daily Die Welt, which appeared in print just as Ford was clinching his party's nomination this week, gave a preview of the sabotage operations in store for Ford's

peace diplomacy. Schlesinger, after denying that the Soviets could risk a first strike, warned against any rapid progress toward SALT II as "ill-advised" and against taking Soviet "bait" in reaching a MBFR (Mutual Balanced Force Reductions) accord. (see below)

Schlesinger is a leading member of the Committee on the Present Danger, a clandestine group that plans to emerge publicly after Labor Day to organize an extensive campaign in the press, on campuses and elsewhere to "impose" its politics on the candidates. The Committee's 12-man board of directors includes, besides Schlesinger, Eugene Rostow and Carter backers Paul Nitze and Rita Hauser. While the Committee claims that behind its Board of Directors and Committee of 100 Distinguished Americans stands a "mass base," its main purpose is to work in conjunction with the Coalition for a New Majority to build a propaganda atmosphere for war with the Soviet Union by 1977 at the latest.

## Nuclear Terror

The right-wing American Security Council which first spoke of a domestic Pearl Harbor to wake America up is also fully involved in these operations. An ASC spokesman this week predicted that nuclear terrorism is coming and that terrorist attack "could come at the UN, in Congress, a bombing of the Capitol building," and said that the only way to counter such terrorism would be through the imposition of totalitarian measures normally applied only in time of war. He also raised the "terrifying" prospect of terrorist assassinations, like those that have been directed against Ford and coordinated through Henry Kissinger and Edward Levi.