The Campaign To Subvert U.S. Law Enforcement

I. Introduction

The same people and institutions who coordinate and direct terrorists and environmentalists are also protecting them from the law, through outright subversion of the law enforcement system and the intelligence community of the United States.

The spawning of the terrorist, environmentalist, and deindustrialization movements are part of a larger plan to achieve a British monetarist system in the United States, using this deliberately created "left" fascist movement as its enforcer. Key in this subversion is the destruction of, or domination over, the FBI, CIA, and state and local police apparatuses.

Toward this end, the Campaign to Stop Government Spying was created in 1976 by Morton H. Halperin, a former assistant of Henry Kissinger, to coordinate wrecking operations against the FBI, the CIA, and local police intelligence units — especially those aligned with urban political machines active in fighting the zerogrowth policies endorsed by Kissinger and the political faction he represents. The Campaign manufactures various "spying" and "brutality" scandals to weaken public confidence in law enforcement institutions, while facilitating Campaign-directed shotgun litigation, Watergating, and "reform" of antiterrorist police and intelligence officials and institutions.

The Campaign is comprised of the same network of individuals associated with Morton Halperin and Henry Kissinger, and operating on behalf of London-centered financial interests, that conspired to bring down Richard Nixon and severely damage the CIA and FBI. It is the same factional grouping that backed former CIA agent Phillip Agee's "exposés" against the CIA in the "post-Watergate" era. And the same group is behind the attempt to discredit the FBI through the litigation against John Kearny and other FBI officials who, in the early 1970s, tried to round up Weather Underground terrorists and their Institute for Policy Studies controllers.

This report presents only one segment of this subversive apparatus's activities - The Campaign to Stop Government Spying. Omitted is any attempt to describe the extensions of this network deployed internationally against these and other intelligence agencies or deployed domestically in other subversive, terrorist, and fascist planning activities.

II. The Chain of Command

Morton Halperin's Campaign To Stop Government Spying is a broad mixture of Institute for Policy Studies and related networks, combining their resources for a

multifaceted attack capability against law enforcement targets. The American Civil Liberties Union, the National Lawyers Guild and other neo-Fabian lawyers' organizations provide the battery of attorneys to pin down law enforcement institutions in litigation actions. Factionally allied national press outlets such as the Washington Post and regionally-oriented newspapers such as the *Philadelphia Inquirer* provide constant coverage of Campaign-orchestrated "scandals," thereby legitimizing those "scandals" among the general population. On this basis, Halperin's think tank for the Campaign, the Center for National Security Studies (CNSS), is able to win "public support" for its proposed "recharters" of the FBI, CIA, and local police intelligence units — charters which aim to severely restrict police investigations into terrorist networks through the ruse that these agencies' investigations ought to be legally limited to "crimes only." Perpetrated under the guise of "protecting civil liberties," this charade is intended to obstruct direct investigations into the Institute for Policy Studies networks which control and direct the terrorists.

This anti-law enforcement apparatus is controlled from the top down by monetarist institutions whose policy is dictated by the City of London planners.

The overall policy direction of the Campaign is provided by a top London-allied law firm in the U.S. — Paul, Weiss, Rifkind, Wharton and Garrison. Paul, Weiss handles all litigation for the investment house of Lazard Freres. Paul, Weiss partner, former Attorney General Ramsey Clark (also a member of the New York Council on Foreign Relations), is fully integrated into the Campaign's component organizations to facilitate fingertip control of Campaign activities: Clark is presently chairman of the National Advisory Board of the American Civil Liberties Union and the Center for Constitutional Rights, and controller of a top international terrorist protection center, the International Association for Democratic Lawyers. As Attorney General from 1967 to 1969, Clark was directly responsible for the creation of the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration (LEAA) program designed as a vehicle through which to "buy" policy control over local law enforcement institutions.

Funding for the Campaign to Stop Government Spying and its various components is provided totally by top Wall Street foundations allied with the City of London policymakers - notably, the Field Foundation, the Stern Fund, and the Compton Trust.

The Field Foundation, the top funder of law en-

forcement subversion activities in this country, is run directly out of Paul, Weiss. The president of Field is Morris B. Abram, a partner in Paul, Weiss as well as a policymaker within the Democratic Party and the "Israel Lobby" organization, the American Jewish Committee. In 1976, Field gave over \$150,000 to Campaign operations.

Other board members of the Field Foundation include Robert Coles, contributing editor to New Republic and profiler of American youth; Fiona Field Beck, a trustee of the Institute for Policy Studies; Willard Gaylin, a board member of the American Civil Liberties Union "project on amnesty"; and M. Carl Holman, president of the National Urban Coalition. Before assuming his post as U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations, Andrew Young was a Field Foundation board member.

The Stern Fund, operated by the Stern family, is nothing but a direct familial extension of City of London financial interests — the Goldman Sachs and Lehman Brothers investment houses. The president of the Stern Fund is Philip M. Stern, who has been a trustee of the Institute for Policy Studies since its inception in 1963. Prior to 1963, Philip Stern was a State Department official in the Kennedy Administration. The Stern Fund also directs policy for the Ottinger Foundation — the foundation of "radical-liberal" Congressman Richard Ottinger (D-N.Y.). David R. Hunter, a former Ford Foundation official, serves as executive director for both foundations. Together, the Stern and Ottinger organizations earmarked over \$180,000 for Campaign operations during 1976.

The Compton Trust is directly linked to London monetarist interests through its founder and current chairman, Randolph P. Compton. Compton has served as an official of Lazard Freres and is presently an officer in the London-created United World Federalists. During 1976, the Trust gave over \$150,000 to the Center for National Security Studies through the Center's conduit, the Fund for Peace.

III. Two Case Summaries

Over the past year the Campaign To Stop Government Spying has put considerable time and resources into wrecking the police departments of two major cities: Philadelphia and Seattle. While a couple dozen other cities have been targeted as well, these two have been primary foci for Campaign efforts, and to date, they remain the most advanced examples of Campaign operations.

Case 1: Philadelphia

The Philadelphia model illustrates most clearly an effective counterthrust against law enforcement subversion operations through direct public identification of the conspiratorial networks involved. Mayor Frank Rizzo and the Philadelphia Police Department, as of late 1977, were under heavy attack from the Campaign — via a "police brutality" smear played up almost daily in the Philadelphia Inquirer. The U.S. Attorney in Philadelphia, David Marston, had gotten indictments against three Philadelphia police officers and against government officials within the Rizzo administration. Within a month of this bleak picture, by late December 1977, indictments against the three officers had been

dismissed in a court of law. David Marston had received notice of his dismissal by Attorney General Griffin Bell (which has since become a cause celebre of the same networks' operations against the Carter Administration); and the *Inquirer* had been relegated to forming a defense committee for the outgoing Marston. What happened?

On Dec 21, Mayor Rizzo pulled the plug on the Campaign at a press conference wherein he publicly identified a "leftist-liberal" conspiracy whose aim was to discredit the city's government and undermine law enforcement effectiveness. Rizzo's bold step enabled Bell to dump Marston two weeks thereafter. Mayor Rizzo's action, combined with a several-months long effort by the U.S. Labor Party to expose the Campaign To Stop Government Spying and identify the individuals responsible, created the necessary environment to discredit and effectively disable the Campaign apparatus.

Local financial supporters of the Campaign such as 1st Pennsylvania Bank Chairman John R. Bunting and federal-level accomplices such as the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration and the Civil Rights Division of the Justice Department were put under public scrutiny. At present, this counterattack has held the Campaign at bay and aided the Mayor to consolidate prodevelopment forces in the city.

Case 2: Seattle

The Seattle Police Department stands at a crossroads—either the terrorists and Campaign components win and Seattle law enforcement is rendered impotent, or prodevelopment forces mobilize in support of law enforcement, in which case a major terrorist network, the George Jackson Brigade, will be destroyed. There is no middle road, and the outcome will effect law enforcement around the country.

In the Seattle case, it is clearly demonstrated that the Campaign and the terrorists are but one network. Here the chief Campaign components are the National Lawyers Guild and the American Friends Service Committee — both organizations directly connected to known George Jackson Brigade terrorists. For example, Mark Cook, a George Jackson Brigade terrorist recently sentenced to life imprisonment for the shooting of a police officer, is an official in the Seattle AFSC!

Prompted by a year of NLG and AFSC "police spying" press exposes, the Seattle City Council is presently considering municipal guidelines to limit the investigative activities of the Seattle Police Department Intelligence Unit. Acting as consultants to the City Council are a top Campaign spokesman from the Center for National Security Studies, Jerry Berman, and an LEAA specialist on "police intelligence," Don R. Harris.

In sharp contrast to the present crisis, last year at about this time Seattle promised to be the scene of a complete rout of the NLG-AFSC terrorists. NLG terrorist controller Paul Zilsel had been arrested and charged with possession of fire arms, explosives, and a George Jackson Brigade terrorist hit list. Meanwhile, a grand jury was vigorously questioning other Institute for Policy Studies-related terrorist controllers and suspected terrorists

What happened during this period to so severely alter-

the battle? When the Campaign launched their phony "police spying" scandal, no prodevelopment forces in the area, with the sole exception of the U.S. Labor Party, stepped forward to identify the conspiracy. Granted this crucial breathing space, the Campaign was able to launch its "policy spying" hoax through which the Campaign could immobilize the city's grand jury, get the charges against Zilsel dropped, and force the Seattle Police Department into a weak and defensive posture.

While there is still plenty of fight to be found within the Seattle police department and development-oriented forces in the area, without an open identification of the conspiracy the Northwest region faces an increase in terrorism and growing law enforcement ineffectiveness. Over the recent months, George Jackson Brigade terrorism has sharply escalated. (For a full report on these developments, see "George Jackson Brigade: A Profile," Executive Intelligence Review, Vol. IV No. 51, Dec. 19, 1977.)

IV. The Campaign Dossier

Here, the key institutions and personnel who direct the day-to-day operations of the Campaign To Stop Government Spying and its components.

- (1) The director of the Campaign and the chief day-to-day controller of anti-law enforcement operations in the Ú.S. is Henry Kissinger's "left hand," Morton H. Halperin. Halperin is a member of the London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies (IISS), and a director of the Center for National Security Studies (CNSS). Previously he served as a State Department National Security Advisor, appointed by Kissinger, and was also formerly Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense.
- (2) The Center for National Security Studies: The Center, headquartered in Washington, D.C., is the primary think tank and command-and-control point for law enforcement subversion. To maintain its "left" veneer, the CNSS takes an "opposition" posture to both Henry Kissinger and the Law Enforcement Assistance Administration. Marching orders from the Center go out to a broad array of IPS-controlled "left" political intelligence networks, from the Socialist Workers Party to the Americans for Democratic Action.

Robert Borosage, a present director of the Center, was recently named the new head of the Institute for Policy Studies.

Jerry Berman, the Center's director of the "Project on Domestic Surveillance," is the national liaison to the ACLU, and acts as "cocounsel" with the ACLU on "surveillance litigation." Berman is writing draft legislative "formats" for municipal-level "police curbs" to be used by local Campaign units around the country.

John Marks, director of the Center's "CIA Project," is a former State Department intelligence officer (1968-70) and is coauthor, with Victor Marchetti, of *The CIA and the Cult of Intelligence*.

Marks, Borosage and Halperin, along with Christine Marwick, are coauthors of *The Lawless State*, the rationale and blueprint for subverting federal intelligence agencies. They wrote, "...The FBI's only legitimate function should be the investigation of crimes...legislation should explicitly forbid the FBI's farming out to state and local police forces the activities

that it is not itself authorized to carry out...Preventive action will not be tolerated."

On the CIA: "...The covert operations of the CIA have cost more than they are worth, and its human espionage activities are technologically obsolete (the very argument employed two years later by Admiral Stansfield Turner to facilitate a purge within the agency—RK)...By charter, the Covert Operations Branch of the CIA should be terminated. All covert operations, including human espionage in peacetime, should be ended..."

And on the National Security Agency (NSA): "A legislated charter should take the NSA out of the Department of Defense and bring it under civilian control. Strict limitations should be placed on the messages that it is allowed to intercept."

(3) The American Civil Liberties Union: The American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU), operationally centered in Washington, D.C. and New York City, is the major "left lawyer" pool used for litigation against U.S. law enforcement. The ACLU is presently conducting legal suits against the FBI, former President Richard Nixon, Donald Rumsfeld and Military Intelligence, the Michigan State Police, the Los Angeles Police Department, the Houston Police Department, the New York Police Department's Special Services Unit, the private Law Enforcement Intelligence Unit (LEIU), the Memphis Police Department's Domestic Intelligence Unit, the Kansas Bureau of Investigation, and others.

The ACLU and the Center for National Security Studies jointly form the "Project on National Security and Civil Liberties," under the direction of *Morton Halperin*, and publish *First Principles* — a monthly "report to the troops" on how anti-law enforcement litigation is proceeding. *Christine Marwick* is the editor of *First Principles*.

Overall direction of the ACLU comes from Advisory Board members Ramsey Clark and Morton Halperin. Other personnel are National Director John Shattuck, Hope Eastman, Paul Chevigny, Frank Donner, Jay Miller, and Jack Novik.

Chevigny and Donner, along with Jerry Berman and Halperin, were responsible for the proposed charter for the FBI, "A Law To Control the FBI," written under the auspices of an ACLU front organization, the Committee for Public Justice. A version of this bill is now being promoted in Congress.

(4) The National Lawyers Guild: Like the ACLU, the National Lawyers Guild provides a battery of attorneys and researchers for litigation against police and related agencies, and simultaneously provides legal defense for Institute for Policy Studies terrorists. For example, the NLG supplied legal defense for Symbionese Liberation Army controllers William and Emily Harris.

NLG "showcase" attorneys are Leonard Weinglas and William Kunstler. Another NLGer active in such litigation is Philadelphia attorney David Rudovsky, who has been the chief "people's attorney" against Mayor Rizzo and the Philadelphia Police Department. Rudovsky is presently putting together a "police misconduct litigation manual" for Campaign operations around the country.

(5) CounterSpy: CounterSpy is a specialized dirty tricks unit, comprised mostly of former intelligence

officers, which engages in covert operations against U.S. intelligence organizations. Exemplary is the printing, in *CounterSpy* magazine, of a list of CIA officials stationed around the world. This resulted in the assassination of CIA Station Chief in Athens Richard Welch, and the immobilization of other CIA officials. In 1975, CounterSpy operative *Philip Agee* wrote *The CIA Diary*, a book which endangered the lives of scores of CIA agents throughout South America.

CounterSpy personnel include:

Timothy Butz, a former U.S. Air Force intelligence officer, coordinated the Vietnam Veterans Against War (VVAW) — once intended to be used as a unit of brainwashed killers.

Barton Osborne, former U.S. Army Intelligence and CIA agent, is a major spokesman against the CIA's use of covert operations. Osborne's specialty is providing "eyewitness accounts" of CIA atrocities in Vietnam.

Margaret Van Houten, also a member of the American Friends Service Committee of Philadelphia, is a top promoter of "police brutality" exposés in cities including Baltimore, Cleveland, Los Angeles, Philadelphia, and Seattle.

(6) Other Component Groups:

Below is a partial listing of Campaign component groups which play a significant supporting role in antilaw enforcement activities:

The Center for Constitutional Rights
Bill of Rights Foundation
Americans for Democratic Action
Friends of the Earth
National Emergency Civil Liberties Union
Urban Policy Research Institute (California)
National Committee Against Repressive Legislation
Grand Jury Project

- Robert Kay

Funding Of The Campaign To Stop Government Spying

Foundation	Recipient	Date	Amount	Description
Field	ACLU	9/75	\$125,000	For Committee for Public Justice. Toward administrative expenses of Committee, which seeks to serve as "early warning against infringement of civil rights for the people."
Field	ACLU	11/75	42,300	Project on National Security and Civil Liberties. For general support of project which, in cooperation with the Center for National Security Studies, challenges domestic surveillance, contests governmental secrecy, conducts seminars for the press and other groups, and undertakes public information on these issues.
Field	Fund for Peace	11/75	125,000	For general support of the Center for National Security Studies, conducts seminars for the press and othe groups, and undertakes public information on these issues.
Field	Fund for Peace	11/76	133.000	For general support of the Center for National Security Studies, Washington, D.C., which is engaged in research and public information on growth of state power in the name of national security.
Field	Bill of Rights Foundation	11/76	25.000	For the Political Rights Defense Fund, which is taking court action against the FBI and other federal intelligence forces.
Field	AFSC	11/76	10.000	For program on government surveillance and citizens rights.
Stern	Philadelphiá Youth Project Inc.	3/76	50,000	Intelligence Documentation Center, Washington D.C. Fo research on the impact of repression of dissent to secre government activities.
Stern	Urban Policy Research Inst.	3/76	30,000	For general support of information sources to protect individual rights from abuse by police agencies.
Stern	Urban Policy Research Inst.	3/76	30,000	For project to improve investigative journalism in California.
Stern	Youth Project Inc	6/76	30,000	Campaign To Stop Government Spying.
Ottinger	ACLU Foundation.	2/76	10,000	For project on national security.
Ottinger	Youth Project, Inc.	6/76	5,000	Campaign To Stop Government Spying.
Compton	Fund for Peace	12/75	91,000	For continuing support to the Fund.

In this sampling of funding of the Campaign To Stop Government Spying and its component organizations, it should be noted that this is merely a small sampling of grants, intended only as an illustration, not a comprehensive listing.