

eling of the two-party arrangement was on. This was the first major disruption of the CFR's gameplan. Conservative Democrats, driven by the abhorrence of Kennedy, started their behind-the-scenes deals with Republicans. Thus, such straightforward types as Senator Long are eyeing what's going on with John Connally; and those conservative-labeled Democrats who are controlled by the Zionist lobby, like Moynihan and Jackson, are secretly dealing with Alexander Haig's promoters around the Mellon Foundation.

General Haig himself, who was supposed to be kept clean and 'above politics' until the primaries, was trotted out on July 15, on national television, to sound like another 'ambitious politician' groveling for votes.

So far, the LaRouche campaign can take credit for completely disrupting the entire CFR gameplan. What political power brokers around the country are actively considering at this time, with respect to the LaRouche option now before them, are the following three items:

Item One: In the midst of the 'energy crisis,' LaRouche is the only candidate who stands for a full scale upgrading of the American economy on the basis of a full, in-depth commitment of thermonuclear energy.

Item Two: During the spring and summer of 1979, LaRouche's political machine conducted certain strategic operations which, having succeeded, demonstrated LaRouche's capacity to take on the CFR crowd—and give it a bloody nose. In other words, 'LaRouche can deliver.'

Item Three: Since the issue of personal leadership qualifications has come so dramatically to the fore, LaRouche's chief asset as a candidate is now coming prominently into play: As opposed to all the CFR puppets, LaRouche is a leader.

— *Criton Zoakos*

What President Jimmy

On national television on July 15

In a little more than two decades we've gone from a position of energy independence to one in which almost half the oil we use comes from foreign countries at prices that are going through the roof. Our excessive dependence on OPEC has already taken a tremendous toll on our economy and our people. This is the direct cause of the long lines that have made millions of you spend aggravating hours waiting for gasoline. It's a cause of the increased inflation and unemployment that we now face.

This intolerable dependence on foreign oil threatens our economic independence and the very security of our nation.

The energy crisis is real. It is worldwide...

Point 1: ... Beginning this moment, this nation will never use more foreign oil than we did in 1977. Never....

... I am tonight setting the further goal of cutting our dependence on foreign oil by one-half by the end of the next decade—a saving of over four-and-a-half million barrels of imported oil per day.

Point 2: ... I will use my presidential authority to set import quotas ... I will forbid the entry into this country of one drop of foreign oil more than these goals allow.

Point 3: To give us energy security, I am asking for the most massive peace-time commitment of funds and resources in our nation's history to develop America's own alternative sources of fuel from coal, from oil shale, from plant products for gasohol, from unconventional gas, from the sun. I propose the creation of an Energy Security Corporation to lead this effort ... The corporation will issue up to \$5 billion in energy bonds....

... Moreover I will soon submit legislation to Congress calling for the creation of this nation's first solar bank, which will help us achieve the crucial goal of 20 percent of our energy coming from solar power by year 2000....

Point 4: I am asking Congress to mandate—to require as a matter of law—that our nation's utility companies cut their massive use of oil by 50 percent within the next decade....

Point

mobilization board which, like the War Production Board in World War II, will have the responsibility and authority to cut through the red tape, the delay and the endless roadblocks to completing key energy projects.

Carter said on energy

Point 6: ... I ask Congress to give me authority for mandatory conservation and for standby gasoline rationing.

... There is simply no way to avoid sacrifice....

In Kansas City, Mo. on July 16

The underlying cause of the energy crisis, the energy problem, the energy challenge, the energy opportunity ... is our massive, dangerous, growing dependence on oil, and particularly our dependence, excessive dependence, on imported oil. ... After the latest price increase, the price we pay OPEC for our oil has almost doubled in the last seven months...

... With the government shakeup in distant Iran last winter, we lost, in imports, about 100 million barrels of oil. The gasoline lines are directly related ...

... There simply is not enough oil available in the world to meet all the demands of all the people in all the nations on earth.

... There are only two ways to guarantee supply. One is obviously to control our demand—to cut back on the waste of energy. And the other is to develop our own sources of energy to replace foreign imports ...

In the short term, we will simply have to stretch out a limited supply. We will have to play a kind of shuffling game, allocating limited supplies of oil among our farmers, our truckers, our homeowners, industry and also, of course, among motorists. This will have to go on until our long-term efforts start paying off.

Therefore, I urge the Congress to give me power to set mandatory state-by state conservation goals and to impose mandatory conservation if a state fails to meet its target. I want to give local and state officials authority, and hope ... (they) will carry out this responsibility. If you do not, then I will act from Washington as president.

Congress must act, finally, to give me authority to develop a standby gasoline rationing plan. It is absolutely crucial for us to arm ourselves against the possibility of further serious interruptions in our energy supply.

But I want to now mention the most important thing of all—every single American must stop wasting energy ...

Now I'm going to mention one of the biggest figures you've ever heard—overall, we are going to make the

unparalleled peacetime commitment—an investment of \$140 billion for American energy security—so that never again will our nation's independence be hostage to foreign oil ...

Each year I will set targets for the amount of foreign oil we import ... for this year, 1979— ... 8.2 million barrels per day, 300,000 below the ceilings we set at the Tokyo summit and 400,000 barrels per day below what we used in 1977, and we will meet this goal.

The Energy Security Corporation that I proposed ... will be outside the Federal government ... free to use its independent business judgment in order to produce enough alternate energy sources to meet its 10-year target of reducing our imports by 2.5 million barrels of oil per day. I am announcing new incentives for the production of heavy oil—oil shale and hard-to-get-at natural gas, all of which this country has in great abundance.

... A new Energy Mobilization Board will slash through red tape and bureaucratic obstacles and will set absolute deadlines for action at the federal, state and local level.

... We are leaving with state and local authorities the first line of responsibility to remove roadblocks to these critical projects, but our energy crisis is so severe that, if any level of government fails to act within a reasonable time, this board will see to it that action is taken, just as similar boards made sure that action was taken to protect our nation's existence in World War II ...

I want to explain one thing very clearly, because misinformation is being spread among the American people. I want you to listen to this.

We are working very closely with Mexico and Canada. The total quantity of production and export of oil and gas from Mexico is obviously a decision to be made by the people and the government of Mexico. But we now purchase more than 80 percent of all the oil exported by Mexico—more than 80 percent. We are now negotiating a new agreement to purchase the natural gas which Mexico will be willing to export ...

In June, I set an ambitious but important goal for meeting 20 percent of the nation's energy needs from the sun by the year 2000. ...

No cartel can control the price of solar power. No country can embargo solar power. We've already tripled our federal investment in solar energy, and the new solar bank that I have proposed will permit all Americans to join in making widespread solar power use a reality.