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	1. Sales Through		
	Dealers and		
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	Counter Sales	4,395	2,425
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D.	Free Distribution by		
	Mail, Carrier or Other		
	Means, Samples,		
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E.	Total Distribution	12,340	9,688
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	Distributed		
	 Office Use, 		
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	Printing	715	2,612
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NORA HAMERMAN, Editor.

to build the infrastructure that is going to back up the production of small and medium-sized enterprises. Therefore, we must be able to join the role of the state, which is to make large-scale investments in infrastructure, and the private enterprises, which, by making use of the environment thereby created, can then set productive activities in motion.

EIR: Abdou Diouf, the President of Senegal, said: "It has now been 10 years that we have been applying the policies set forth by the lending institutions, and, in particular, the 'structural adjustment programs,' of the International Monetary Fund, and we never see the funds promised in exchange for such budgetary austerity and so much sacrifice imposed on the African people."

Wodié: We must recognize the part of the blame that lies with foreign bodies and states; but we think that the main culprits are we Africans, especially our politicians. We have to learn how to organize ourselves, to better manage our affairs so that foreign resources do not become the motor for our development. The foreign contributions must supplement what the countries themselves free up by good management. So these criticisms, in my view, must be tempered and put in context.

EIR: President Nicéphore Soglo of Benin said, at a recent international conference in Cotonou, that "there can be no democracy without bread." He added, "How do you expect us to continue to develop our countries if we are always under the yoke of Caudine Forks of austerity programs like the Structural Adjustment Facilities (SAFs)?"

Wodié: It is true that the social cost of the SAFs is too heavy for the African countries and in particular, for the most disadvantaged social layers, because the structural adjustment, under the pretext of true pricing, ends up increasing prices: Prices rise, buying power is eroded, and the popular masses suffer most. That explains the numerous revolts. From this standpoint, we think it is appropriate to review structural adjustments system. So long as it's a question of rebalancing state finances, it's a good management measure, but we have to see how this cost is transmitted to the most privileged social layers, who, in general, are to blame for the crisis. This policy seems to be mainly aimed against the little people: Licensing requirements multiply, unemployment gets worse, and the cost of living goes up. I think the criticism is well be founded from this standpoint.

EIR: You represent the Ivoirean Workers Party, and soon you might be in power. What will you do then to reestablish your country's economy? How are you going to deal with the debt and at the same time, achieve economic development? Wodié: First of all, democracy has to be reinforced, in the political sense, by reinforcing the population's taking responsibility, its freedom of expression, and the people's participation in their own development. We have to stop shutting the