British or American Spectator?

But it was from the fabricated and now discredited "Troopergate" story, with its fleeting reference to a "Paula," that Ambrose jumped into a situation in which he made his enduring black mark on American history: the Paula Jones case, which gave rise directly to Kenneth Starr's sex-and-perjury inquisition against the President.

It was not fortuitous. In the *American Spectator* magazine, Pritchard found some of his closest American soul-mates.

"There has always been a strong British connection to the *American Spectator*," boasted the *Sunday Telegraph* on Feb. 13, 1994, in an article praising the "Troopergate" story. "The present Washington correspondent, Tom Bethell, is English, and Mr. [Paul] Johnson and Sir Peregrine [Worsthorne] are on the editorial board."

Two days earlier, the *American Spectator*'s editor-inchief, Emmett Tyrrell, had written: "Much more so than the American media, the British media are alive with reports on the Clintons' scandals; and Mr. Evans-Pritchard, who is equal parts scholar, journalist, and adventurer, has been particularly tireless in examining those scandals."

It was recently disclosed that, when Tyrrell was attempting to justify the use of tax-exempt Scaife funds to pay for part of his home and other personal expenses, he listed Evans-Pritchard as one of a number of "frequent visitors" to his McLean, Virginia house, along with Starr's longtime friend Theodore Olson.

Tabloid trickery

On Jan. 23, 1994, Evans-Pritchard scored his first "exclusive" scandal story, with a front-page *Sunday Telegraph* spread about a former Arkansas beauty queen who claimed that Clinton had threatened to maim and kill her. Headlined "'I Was Threatened After Clinton Affair,'" the story, concerning Sally Perdue, quickly made its way across the Atlantic into the *Washington Times* and other U.S. media outlets. By Feb. 6, 1994, Evans-Pritchard was in Little Rock, predicting that Clinton would be forced out of office by the end of the

The 'Torygraph': leak sheet for the Royals

As Kitty Kelley reports in her bestseller *The Royals*, members of the House of Windsor are not above instigating character assassination against their enemies, as was done in the case of Diana, Princess of Wales. Kelley states that the favorite vehicle for such royal leaks has been the Telegraph Group PLC. Writes Kelley: "The *Telegraph*, sometimes called the *Torygraph*, is the royal family's favorite newspaper, and its editor, Max Hastings, is a close friend of Prince Andrew," Queen Elizabeth's favorite son.

Hastings's wife, Rosa Monckton, has turned to the pages of the *Torygraph* to play upon her ostensible friendship with Princess Diana, to deny that Diana planned to marry Emam "Dodi" Fayed. Even before Diana's murder, the *Daily Telegraph* had published vicious slanders of her, including a Nov. 24, 1995 article in which a crony of Prince Charles, Tory Member of Parliament Nicholas Soames, wrote that Diana had exhibited a "degree of paranoia for having gone on the BBC Panorama program to declare Prince Charles as unfit for the throne, and having accused the Royal Family of spying on her and trying to drive her out."

The intelligence ties of the Hollinger Corporation, for which the Telegraph Group PLC is the flagship, go deep into the core of the British elite that insiders call "The Club of the Isles," whose chief enforcer is Prince Philip. This relationship raises a serious investigative question, as to whether the *Telegraph*'s Ambrose Evans-Pritchard was acting on instructions from the House of Windsor, in his recent poison-pen denial that Princess Diana was assassinated.

Hollinger Corporation profile

The Hollinger Corp. is a direct outgrowth of the World War II British intelligence service. It was built by Toronto-based Conservative **Conrad Black**, out of the Argus Corp., whose founder, E.P. Taylor, had been on the British War Production Board, securing arms from the United States for Britain. Argus was also part of British Security Coordinator Sir William Stephenson's espionage network inside Canada.

Today, the Hollinger Corp. holds The Telegraph Group PLC and the *Jerusalem Post*, both purchased at exorbitant prices. The *Jerusalem Post* has been the main mouthpiece for Ariel Sharon's "Greater Israel" wing of the Likud Party, ever since Conrad Black took it over. It has used every dirty trick in the book—including abetting Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu's threats to topple President Bill Clinton—in order to blow up the Middle East peace process.

The Hollinger Corp. is also at the forefront of the Redcoat media invasion of America. It owns over 100 daily and weekly newspapers in the United States, with a heavy concentration in the Midwest, where the Hollinger flagship newspaper is the *Chicago Sun-Times*.

Apart from its attacks upon Princess Diana and Lyndon H. LaRouche, Jr., the Hollinger Corp., through such gutter

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year. On it went, week after week. At the end of March, Evans-Pritchard was back in Little Rock again, producing a March 27 article, "Clinton Accused of 'Grotesque' Sex Harassment." In this article, Pritchard reported on his discussions with Paula Jones and her lawyer about her pending lawsuit against the President.

By this time, Evans-Pritchard was a rising star. The *Sunday Telegraph* headline read: "Sunday Telegraph Reporter's Revelations Put Him in America's Media Spotlight: Why America Is Turning to an Englishman for Answers." The story opened with Evans-Pritchard describing how he was appearing on U.S. radio talk shows on a daily basis.

A third article in the same issue accused Clinton of being involved in drug-running and money-laundering tied to Mena, Arkansas, and the "Iran-Contra" affair.

The following week, Pritchard reverted to attacking Clinton on foreign policy, claiming that the state of siege around the Clinton scandals was resulting in a lack of any foreign policy at all. "There is no Henry Kissinger to run foreign

journalists as Evans-Pritchard, has been in the forefront of the media feeding frenzy against the Clinton Presidency. In January 1996, the White House Counsel Office released a 331-page document, lambasting what they described as the "Communication Stream of Conspiracy Commerce," which demonstrated that the Telegraph PLC was central to a "media food chain," beginning with nutty, anti-Clinton black propagandists like Richard Mellon Scaife's *Pitts-burgh Tribune Review* and thence to the so-called "mainstream press." (See "The Media Cartel That Controls What You Think," *EIR*, Jan. 17, 1997.)

A review of the Hollinger Corp.'s board and international advisory board gives a very good picture of a segment of the Club of the Isles, which uses the corporation as a convenient vehicle for their vendettas against the British monarchy's enemies. Among Hollinger's international advisory board are to be found: Lady Margaret Thatcher of Kesteven, who, as Prime Minister, was given a political boost by the Hollinger takeover of the Telegraph Group PLC in 1985; Lord Peter Rupert Carrington, who had been a founding board member and controller of Kissinger Associates, Inc., was Thatcher's Foreign Secretary, then NATO Secretary General, and who is today chairman of the Bilderberg Society (founded by Prince Philip's friend and former Nazi SS officer, Prince Bernhard of the Netherlands); and, Sir Henry Kissinger, Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, who boasted in a May 10, 1982 speech before the Royal Institute of International Affairs that, during his "incarnation in office" as U.S. National Security Adviser and then Secretary of State, he had been a British agent.—Scott Thompson

policy while the White House goes into a meltdown," Pritchard wrote, "which is why the hydra-headed scandal of Whitewater could prove more damaging to global stability than the Watergate scandal of 1973 and early 1974."

This was followed by more "Troopergate" stories in April, and then another absolutely fraudulent story in early May. Evans-Pritchard claimed to have interviewed Steven Love, a former bond trader with Lasater and Co. in Little Rock. Pritchard wrote: "Love now lives in a small town in Pennsylvania. He was stunned when contacted by the *Sunday Telegraph*, saying he too had been living underground for several years. 'I was used by Lasater and flushed away, my whole life destroyed. I finished up sleeping on park benches.'"

According to sources in southwest Pennsylvania contacted by this writer, the actual story is this. Love moved to Pennsylvania from Little Rock, and became the Operations and Finance Manager for Greene County, and then the director of its Redevelopment Authority. In 1990, he was implicated in a scandal involving "day-trading," i.e., speculating with county funds, with large suspected losses for employee pension funds. Love was temporarily laid off from his job, but expected to be called back, and still had substantial sums of money. The quotes from the *Sunday Telegraph* about "living underground" and his "whole life destroyed," were met with expletives of disbelief by people in the area.

Such is typical of Evans-Pritchard's stories.

Ambrose sets the time bomb

On May 1, 1994, Evans-Pritchard predicted that Paula Jones would file her lawsuit during the coming week, and he gloated that President Clinton "could conceivably be made to appear in court." A week later, after Jones had filed her suit, Evans-Pritchard acknowledged that he had had "a dozen conversations with Mrs. Jones over the past two months." He furthermore admitted that "I happened to be present at a strategy meeting last month on a boat on the Arkansas River" at which Jones's attorney "was weighing the pros and cons of legal action."

Then, on May 15, Evans-Pritchard admitted the actual motivation and purpose of the Jones suit. It doesn't "matter all that much whether Mrs. Jones ultimately wins or loses her case," he wrote. "The ticking time bomb in the lawsuit lies elsewhere, in the testimony of other witnesses."

"Put plainly," Evans-Pritchard blurted out, "the political purpose of the Jones lawsuit is to reconstruct the inner history of the Arkansas Governor's Mansion, using the legal power of discovery. In effect, the two lawyers and their staff could soon be doing the job that the American media failed to do during the election campaign and have largely failed to do since. . . . Testimony would be available to the public as court documents."

In a discussion with a journalist around this same time, Pritchard elaborated on his strategy of using discovery to

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