George Soros, Britain's Imperial Torpedo

by Scott Thompson, John Hoefle, and Michele Steinberg

George Soros is an agent of the British oligarchy, and calling him an American because he lives in New York, is like calling the British troops that resided in Washington during the War of 1812, when they burned down the White House, "American." His nest of hedge funds, led by Quantum Fund N.V. and the Soros Fund, are registered in British and Dutch off-shore entities, and no American is allowed to be an investor, because Soros is afraid of any scrutiny by U.S. government regulatory agencies (after run-ins with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the U.S. Congress), and he needs the banking secrecy to function as one of Britain's "imperial torpedos" against nation-states. In addition, since at least 1986, Soros has had an intimate imperial relationship with Mark Malloch Brown (now a British Lord, and Minister of State for Africa, Asia and the United Nations for the British Foreign Office), in their joint campaign to destroy nation-states, and create puppet regimes for the British Empire.

From the outset of his career, Soros has been seconded by British imperial financiers, from the Rothschild interests, to reportedly having members of the British Royal Family as investors. One of the original contributors to the creation of the Quantum Fund N.V. was financier George Karlweiss, who was then with Edmond de Rothschild's Banque Privée.

The following 1993 "snapshot" of the Board members of Soros's Quantum Fund provides a glimpse of Soros's oligarchic ties:

Richard Katz, member, Executive Committee of the Board: at the time he had been a managing director of Rothschild Italia S.p.A., Milan, since April 1989, and a director of N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited. London. N.M. Rothschild is headed by Evelyn de Rothschild, who recently took over the Rothschild's bank in Zurich from Baron Elie de Rothschild, after a series of irregularities, including dealings with financier Marc Rich and a large capital flight operation from Italy.

Isidoro Albertini, a principal of the stock brokerage firm Albertini & C., Milan, Italy.

Alberto Foglia, chairman of the Quantum Executive Committee and chief executive officer of Banca del Ceresio, Lugano, Switzerland.

L. Amédée de Moustier, chairman of Ifabanque S.A., Paris and of Worms & Co. Inc.

Beat Notz, member of the Quantum Executive Committee, and principal of the investment banking firm of Notz, Stucki & Cie, Geneva.

Edgar D. de Picciotto, chief executive officer of CBI-TDB Union Bancaire Privée, Geneva.

Claudio Segré, an investment banker based in Geneva.

Nils O. Taube, chief executive officer of St. James Place Capital, U.K.

The Managing Director/Principal Office of the Quantum Fund in 1993 was Curação Corporation Company N.V. in The Netherlands Antilles.

Legal Counsellors include Coudert Brothers, and the Principal Custodians were Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, Inc. and Citibank, N.A. Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder is no obscure enterprise; Prince Metternich chose the firm in the early 19th Century, rather than the Rothschilds.

The Oligarchy's Money

Soros is largely a creature of the British-run oil spot market scheme, and got his start as a currency speculator, a role which would not have been possible had not President Richard Nixon, under the sway of British agent George Shultz, ended FDR's Bretton Woods system of fixed currency rates in 1971. As a fund manager, Soros depends upon the money of others, and that money comes largely from networks around the Rothschild banking apparatus and, according to our sources, the British Royal Family. Far from being a self-made man, he is a façade, a face behind which the imperial dirty-money specialists can operate out of the public eye.

Soros displayed his character defects as a young man in Nazi-occupied Hungary, when, a Jew himself, he helped the fascists confiscate the estates of wealthy Jews. He moved to Britain in 1947 to escape the Soviets, and, during the early 1950s, studied at the London School of Economics, where he was molded into an imperial stooge, studying under Austrian-born Sir Karl Popper, author of The Open Society and Its Enemies. Ultimately, Soros named his major operation against nation-states the Open Society Institute (there have been as many as 20 separate OSIs in different nations since the 1990s).

After an apprenticeship at the City of London merchant bank Singer & Friedlander, Soros moved to the United States and became an arbitrager and analyst on Wall Street; he then spent a decade at Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder, where, in 1969, he headed his first fund. Thus trained, he left Bleichroeder and created his own Ouantum Fund, in 1973.

The timing of this move is indicative of the way Soros's career has been shaped by his controllers, as 1973 was also the year of the first great oil hoax, and the creation of the spot market in crude oil. The spot market was designed to allow financial speculation in oil prices, and resulted in huge amounts of "petrodollars" piling up in the banks of the City of London and other banking centers. A portion of those petrodollars, along with narcodollars and other hot money, was directed into the coffers of Soros Fund Management.

Soros's big break came in 1992, when he bet heavily against the British pound and won, making a reported \$1 billion when the pound fell and was taken out of the European Community's Exchange Rate Mechanism (ERM). Soros was lionized as "the man who broke the Bank of England," but the operation was actually run by the Bank of England, the Federal Reserve, and several big—and quite bankrupt—banks. The operation served the Brits by pulling the pound out of the ERM, and the profits from this market manipulation helped bail out the bankrupt banks.

But most of all, his accounts fattened by over \$1 billion, courtesy of the British, Soros promptly directed about \$100 million of it to operations in Moscow, in December 1992, through the Soros Foundation and the Open Society Institute. From the Moscow base, working with Malloch Brown, Soros imposed the brutal "free market" economics that looted Russia. He parceled out tranches of \$25 million, or \$50 million in renewable loans, and grants to Macedonia and Bosnia, setting up the conditions for permanent ethnic wars and destabilizations. Ultimately, Soros was kicked out of Russia, Croatia, Belarus, and other former East Bloc countries, for his dirty operations.

Soros and the Foreign Office

In 2006, Lord Mark Malloch Brown returned to his British mother, after decades of being sheep-dipped in

international institutions: the World Bank, the UN, and before that, a somewhat notorious public relations company, Sawyer Miller in New York.

Today, Malloch Brown's position in the Foreign Office, has led to criticism that he has "lorded it over" Foreign Secretary David Miliband and received far higher perks than his boss, such as a residence worth about £7 million. To take the job, Malloch Brown had to leave his highly lucrative position as vice president of the Quantum Fund!

Soros and Malloch Brown have been at it—destabilizing countries and installing British operatives—since at least 1986, according to the book *Alpha Dogs*, by London *Times* Editor James Harding. Harding describes how Malloch Brown boasts of having overthrown Philippines President Ferdinand Marcos, by representing Corazon Aquino for President. After that, Malloch Brown decided to try the same tactics in Chile—but with George Soros's money.

"Through the summer of 1986, Mark Malloch Brown was in discussions with George Soros, the hedge fund manager who was just getting known for his support of insurgent democracy movements around the world," writes Harding, about Soros's financing of a weak, squabbling grouping of Chilean opposition figures.

In 1993, Soros hired Malloch Brown to handle an initial \$50 million grant to Bosnia, the country that had been torn to shreds in the British-run war of the early 1990s.

But the Soros-Malloch Brown duo grabbed the crown jewel in 2003-04, when they put the money up to install Mikhail Saakashvili as "democratic" dictator of Georgia, even providing millions of dollars to pay the salaries of Saakashvili, his Cabinet, security officers, and police!

Now, after British puppet Saakashvili's invasion of South Ossetia, Malloch Brown is at the center of the British drive to sanction Russia for responding to Saakashvili's invasion, which the Empire approved.

In assessing Soros, it is useful to keep in mind that corruption and chaos within nation-states serve the goals of the British Empire. This is emphatically the case with one major track of Soros's activity, legalizing drugs—a subject too extensive for this short review, but which will be a feature of follow-up articles. The British policy is genocide, and Soros is a great practitioner of the policy.